## Advanced Geometry - Concepts and Questions

Chapter 2 - Reasoning and Proof
2-1 Inductive Reasoning and Conjecture

1. What is inductive reasoning?
2. What is a conjecture?
3. What is a counterexample?
4. How many counterexamples are needed to prove a conjecture is false?

Check: Pg. 94: \#2, 5, 8, 13
2-1 Assignment: Pg. 95: \#15-27 (mult. of 3), 28-34 all, 37-38, 41-47 odd, 51, 55, 57, 62, 68
2-2 Logic

1. What is meant by the truth value of a statement?
2. What is the negation of a statement? Use symbols to write "the negation of p."
3. What is a conjunction? Use symbols to write "p and r."
4. What is a disjunction? Use symbols to write "p or r."
5. Complete the truth tables.

| Negation |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| p |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| Conjunction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| p | q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


| Disjunction |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| p | q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

6. Draw an example of a Venn diagram.

Check: Pg. 103: \#2, 4, 10
2-2 Assignment: Pg, 103: \#11-21 odd, 24, 27, 29, 31-33, 41, 44-46, 50, 53, 57
2-3 Conditional Statements

1. What form do conditional statements take? Give an original, specific example.
2. What is the notation used for conditional statements?
3. What is the hypothesis of a conditional statement?
4. What is the conclusion of a conditional statement?
5. Complete the truth table for a conditional statement.
6. There are three other statements related to a conditional statement. Name them and use symbols to represent each one.
7. What is meant by "logically equivalent" statements?

| Conditional |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| p | q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

Check: Pg. 111: \#3, 6, 10, 13

2-4 Deductive Reasoning

1. How is deductive reasoning different from inductive reasoning?
2. What does the Law of Detachment say?
3. Give a specific original example of the Law of Detachment.
4. What does the Law of Syllogism say?
5. Give a specific original example of the Law of Syllogism.

Check: Pg. 121: \#1, 2, 5, 8
2-4 Assignment: Pg. 121 \#9-21 odd, 22, 23-25 all, 29-39 odd, 42, 45, 47, 50, 54, 59-63 odd
2-5 Postulates and Paragraph Proofs

1. What is a postulate?
2. Familiarize yourself with the seven postulates about points, lines, and planes. Are any unclear to you?
3. What is a proof?
4. What is a theorem?
5. Is a paragraph proof formal or informal?
6. State Theorem 2.1 The Midpoint Theorem. Include a sketch.

Check: Pg. 130: \#2, 7, 9, 10, 12
2-5 Assignment: Pg. 131: \#24-33 all, 35-41 odd, 42, 45, 48, 49, 53, 54, 56, 57, 60
2-6 Algebraic Proof

1. List the (nine) properties of real numbers and give an example of each.
2. What is a two-column or formal proof?

Check: Pg. 139 \#1, 4, 5

2-6 Assignment: Pg. 139 \#9-15 odd, 17, 18, 23, 25, 30, 31, 34, 38, 39, 42, 44, 46-48
2-7 Proving Segment Relationships

1. State the Segment Addition Postulate and give an example.
2. State Theorem 2.2 Properties of Segment Congruence.

Check: Pg. 147 \#1

2-7 Assignment: Pg. 147 \#4, 8, 9, 12, 14, 17, 19, 20, 25, 26, 34
2-8 Proving Angle Relationships

1. State the Angle Addition Postulate and give an example
2. State Theorem 2.3 Supplement Theorem.
3. State Theorem 2.4 Complement Theorem.
4. State Theorem 2.5 Properties of Angle Congruence.
5. State Theorem 2.6 Congruent Supplements Theorem.
6. State Theorem 2.7 Congruent Complements Theorem.
7. State Theorem 2.8 Vertical Angles Theorem.
8. State the (five) Right Angle Theorems (2-9, 2-10, 2-11, 2-12, 2-13).

Check: Pg. 156 \#2, 4, 6
2-8 Assignment: Pg. 156 \#8-12 even, 14, 15, 21, 23, 27, 32, 34, 37-39, 45-53 odd

